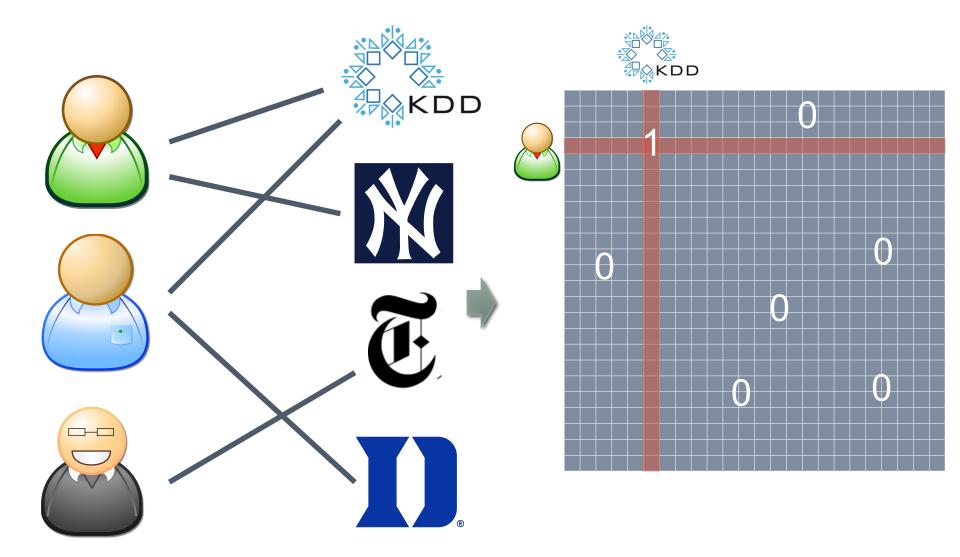


- 1. Subgraph Analysis
- 2. Propagation Methods
- 3. Latent Factor Models
  - a) Background
  - b) Normal Behavior
  - c) Abnormal Behavior





## **Matrix Modeling**



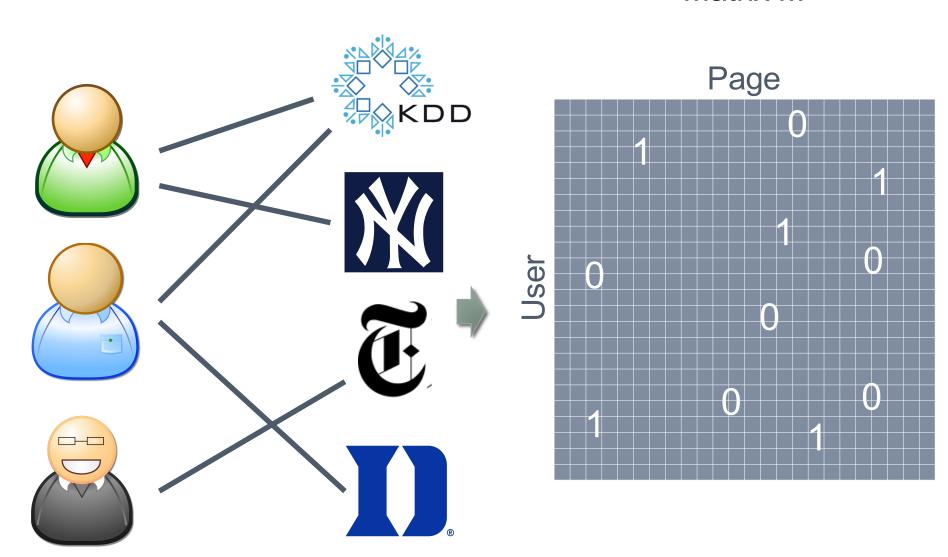




## **Matrix Modeling**

KDD 2015

#### Matrix M







## Matrix Modeling

#### HITS

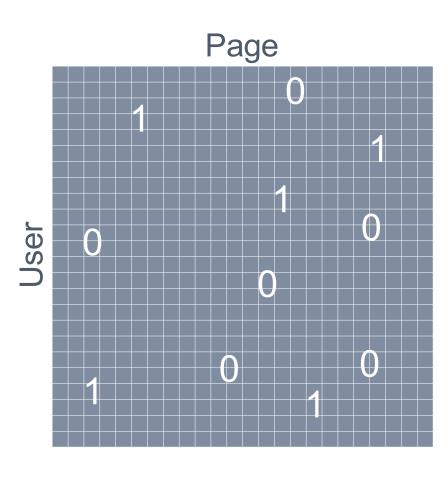
Authoritativeness  $\vec{v}$  is first eigenvector of M<sup>T</sup>M

$$\vec{v} = cM^{\mathrm{T}}M\vec{v}$$

Hubness  $\vec{u}$  is first eigenvector of MM<sup>T</sup>

$$\vec{u} = cMM^{\mathrm{T}}\vec{u}$$

#### Matrix M







## Matrix Modeling

KDD 2015

#### HITS

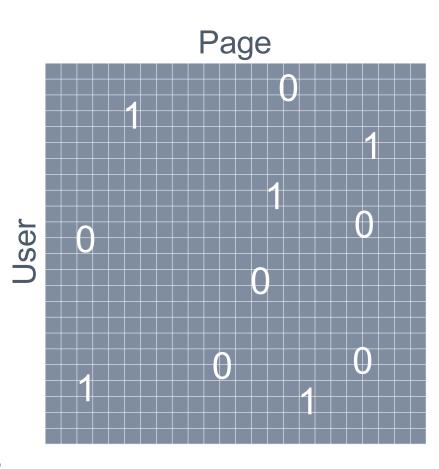
Authoritativeness  $\vec{v}$  is first eigenvector of M<sup>T</sup>M

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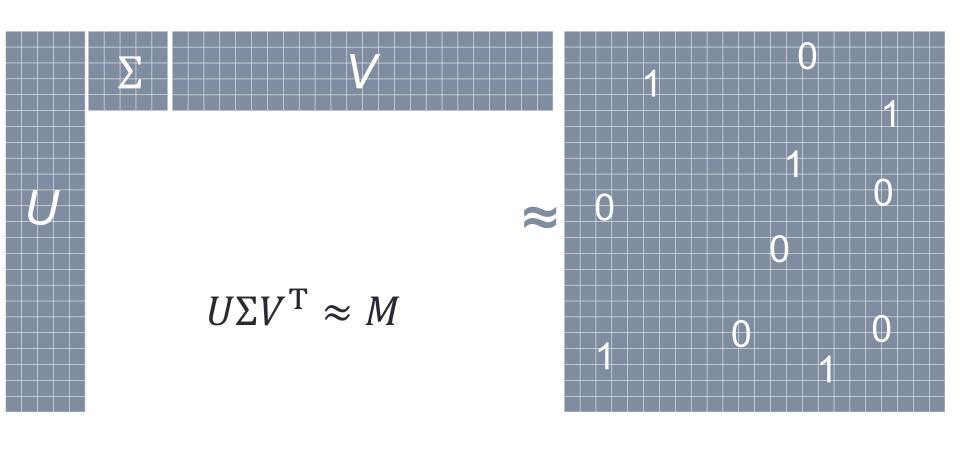
Matrix M



What about the other eigenvectors?

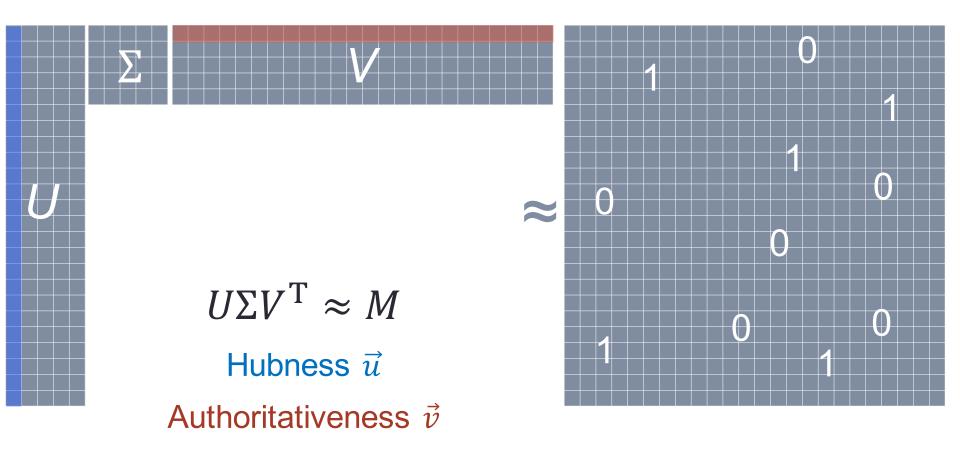


# Matrix Modeling Singular Value Decomposition



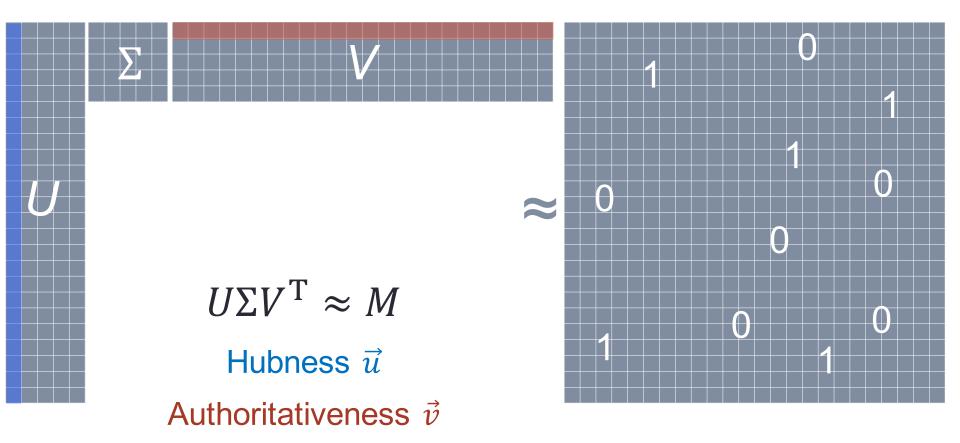


# Matrix Modeling Singular Value Decomposition





# Matrix Modeling Singular Value Decomposition



 $\Sigma$  contains normalization for  $\vec{u}$  and  $\vec{v}$ 



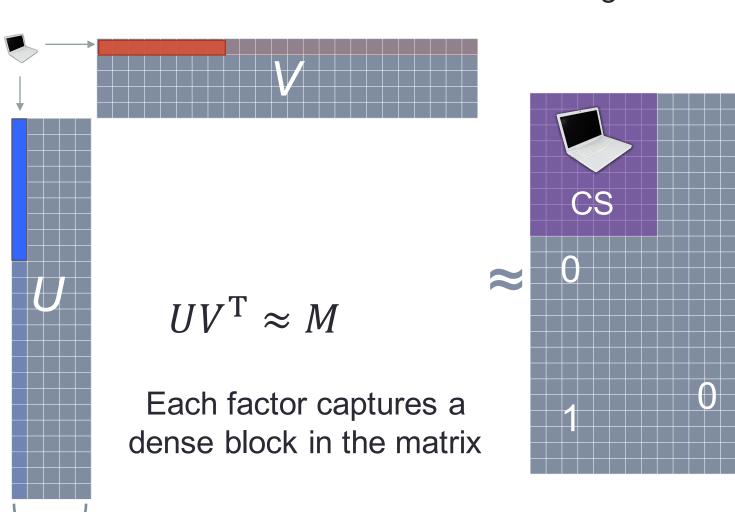


**Topics** 

KDD 2015

#### **Matrix Factorization**

#### What does each eigenvector capture?

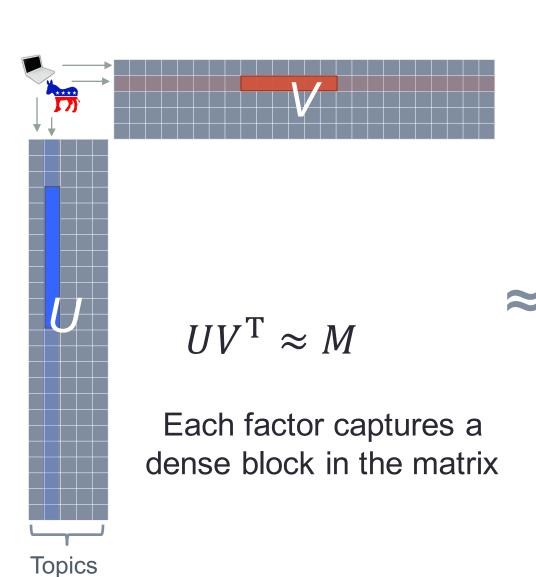


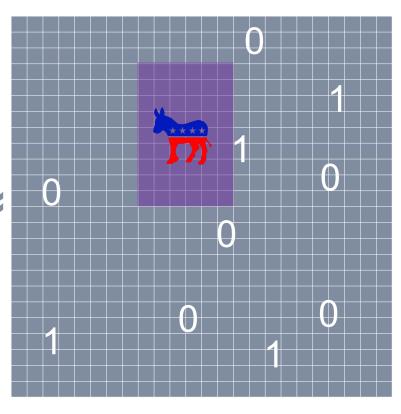




#### **Matrix Factorization**

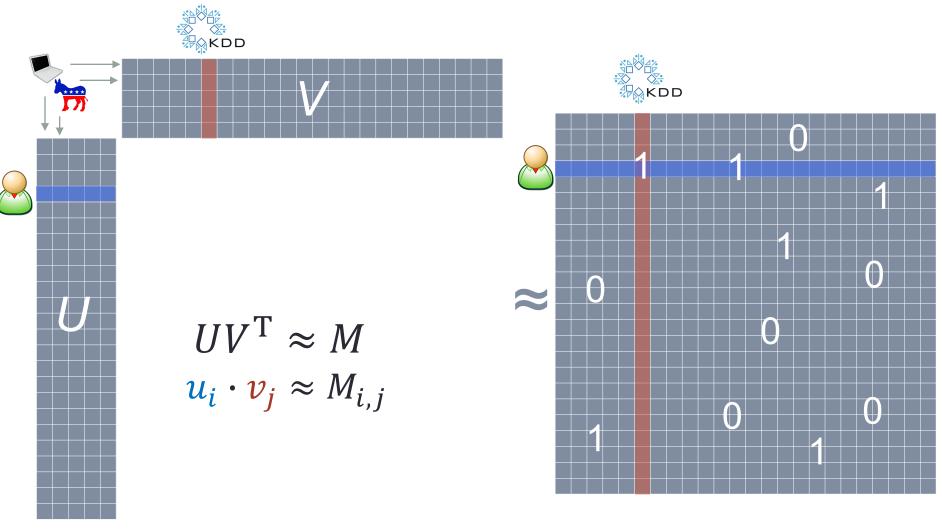
#### What does each eigenvector capture?







#### **Matrix Factorization**



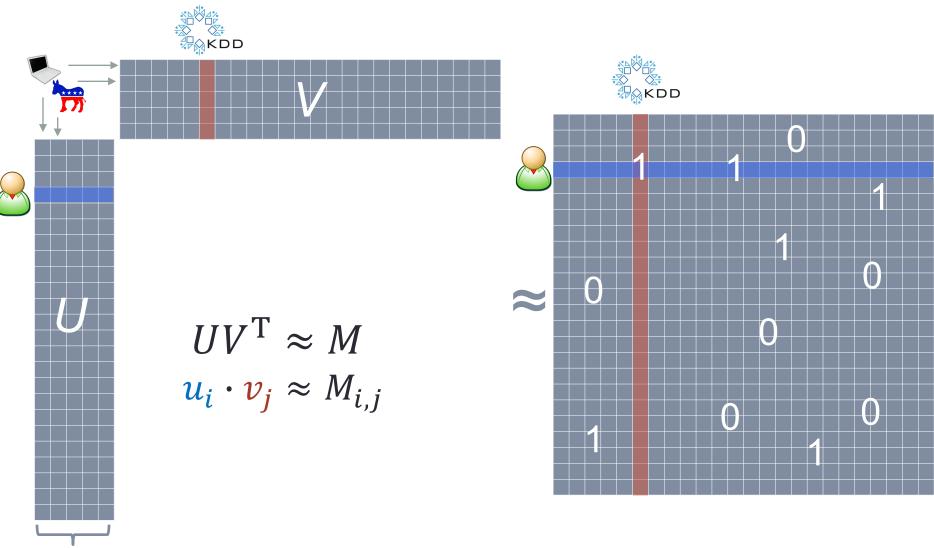




**Topics** 

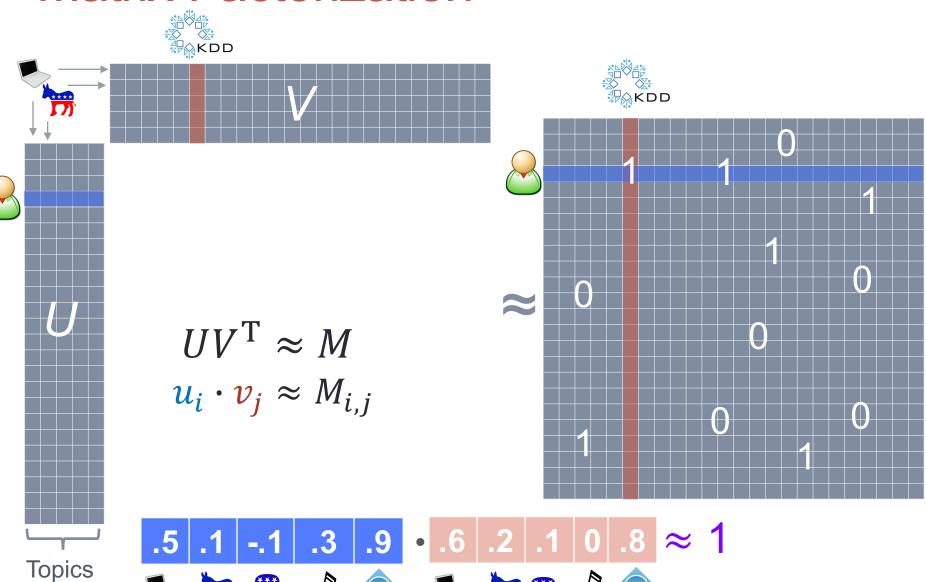
KDD 2015

#### **Matrix Factorization**





#### **Matrix Factorization**



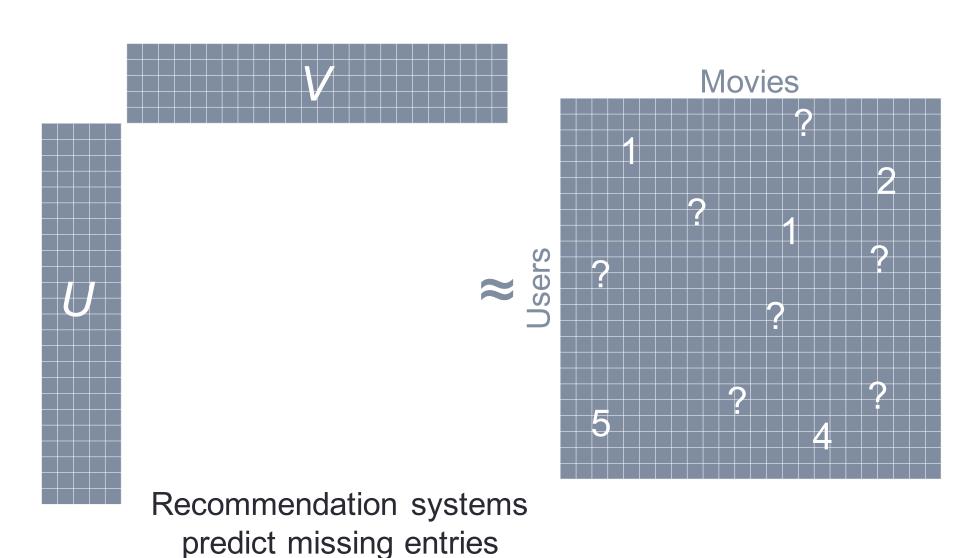




- 1. Subgraph Analysis
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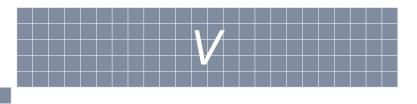


### **Matrix Completion**



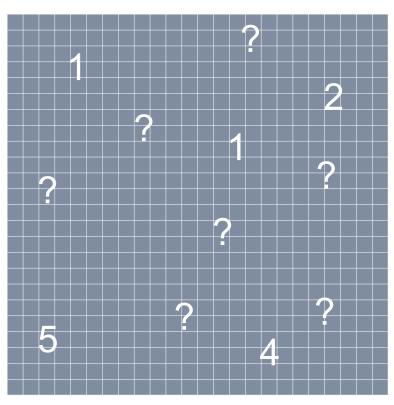


#### **Matrix Completion**



Can't find singular vectors with missing entries. Instead,

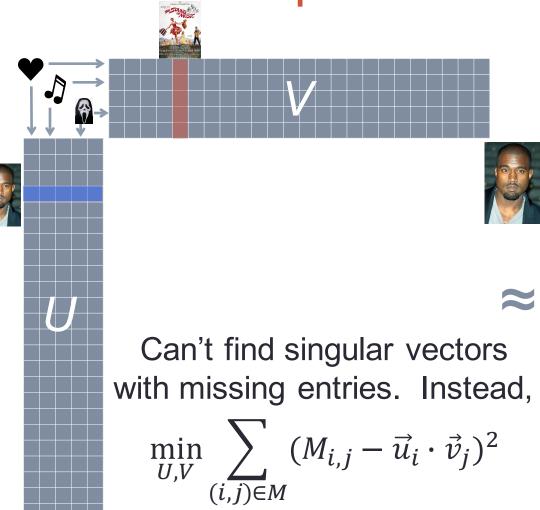
$$\min_{U,V} \sum_{(i,j)\in M} (M_{i,j} - \vec{u}_i \cdot \vec{v}_j)^2$$

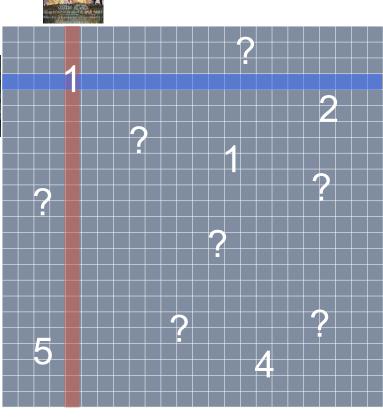




Genres

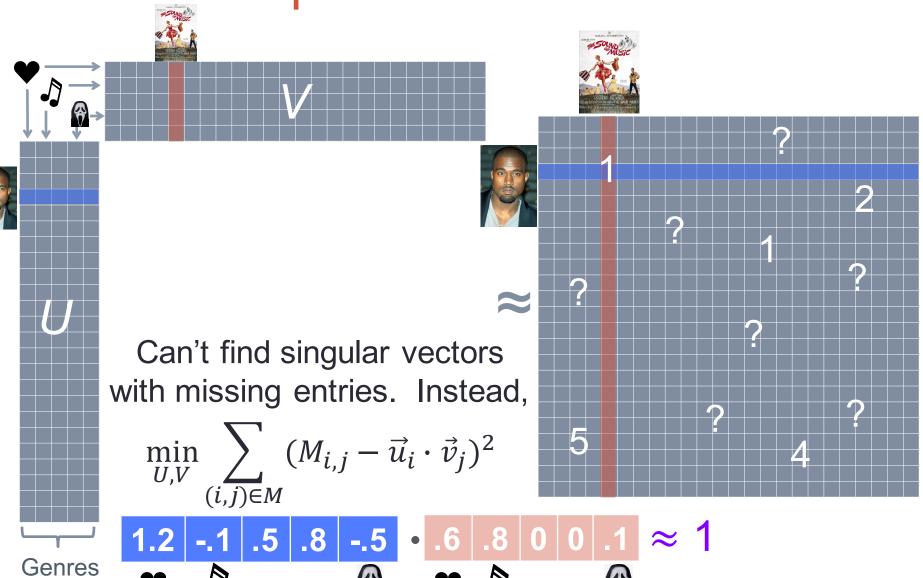
#### Matrix Completion





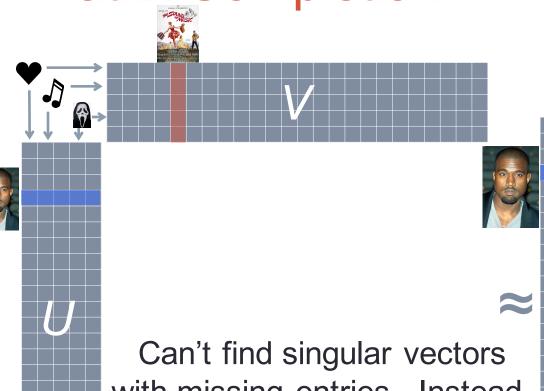


## Matrix Completion





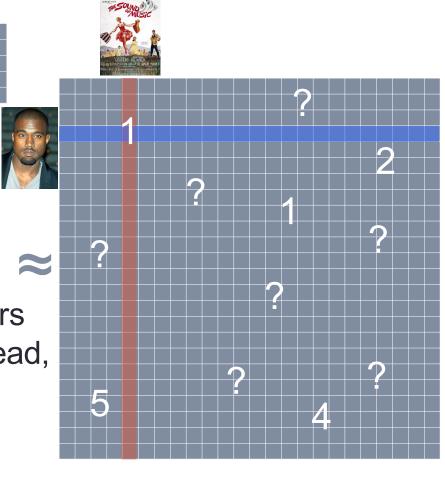




with missing entries. Instead,

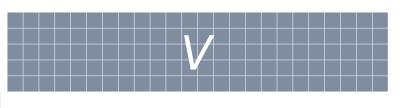
$$\min_{U,V} \sum_{(i,j)\in M} (M_{i,j} - \widehat{M}_{i,j})^2$$

$$\widehat{M}_{i,j} = \vec{u}_i \cdot \vec{v}_j$$





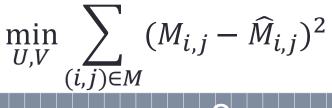


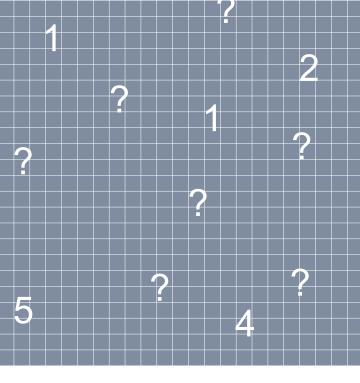


Consider additional factors:

- Dataset mean μ
- Row (user) baseline  $b_i$
- Column (movie) baseline  $b_j$

$$\widehat{M}_{i,j} = \mu + b_i + b_j + \vec{u}_i \cdot \vec{v}_j$$





Collaborative Filtering with Temporal Dynamics Yehuda Koren *KDD* 2009





What if we know the time of the rating (time of the edge being created)?

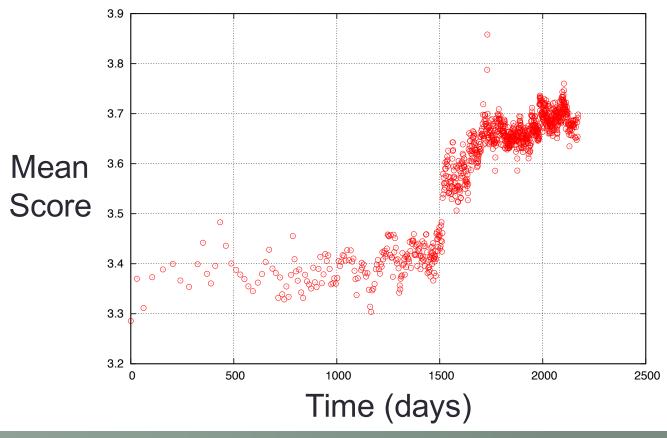
Collaborative Filtering with Temporal Dynamics Yehuda Koren KDD 2009







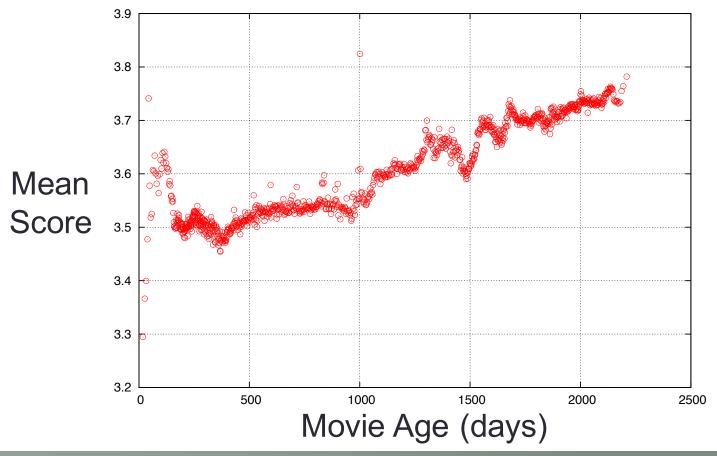
Mean Rating by Date (Netflix)



Collaborative Filtering with Temporal Dynamics Yehuda Koren KDD 2009



Mean Rating by Movie Age (Netflix)



Collaborative Filtering with Temporal Dynamics Yehuda Koren KDD 2009

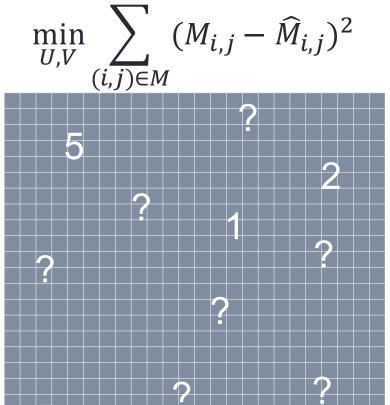


# V

#### Time factors:

- Column (movie)- time baseline  $b_{j,Bin(t)}$
- Row (user)-time baseline function  $b_i(t)$

$$\widehat{M}_{i,j} = \mu + b_i + b_j + \overrightarrow{u}_i \cdot \overrightarrow{v}_j + b_{j,\text{Bin}(t)} + b_i(t)$$

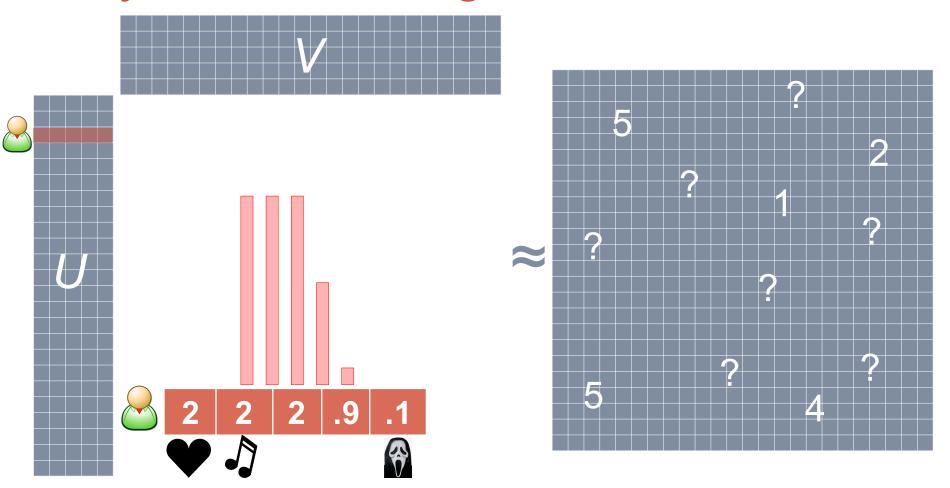


Collaborative Filtering with Temporal Dynamics Yehuda Koren *KDD* 2009





## **Bayesian Modeling**

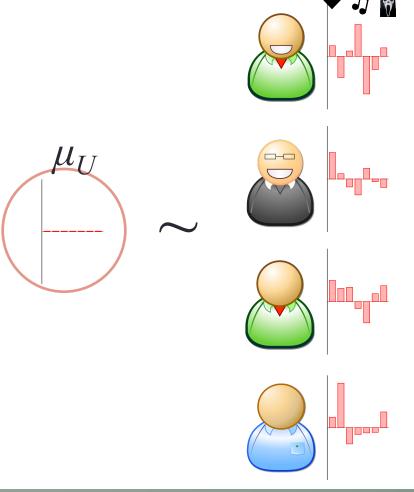








# Bayesian Modeling

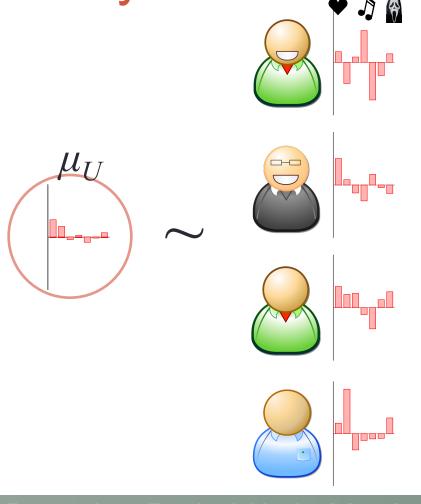


Sample user factors from Normal distribution





# Bayesian Modeling



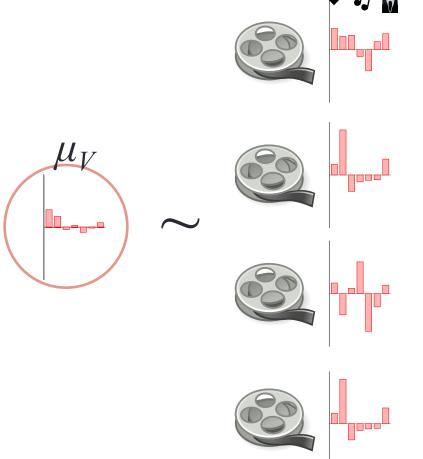
Sample user factors from Normal distribution

Update mean based on user factors



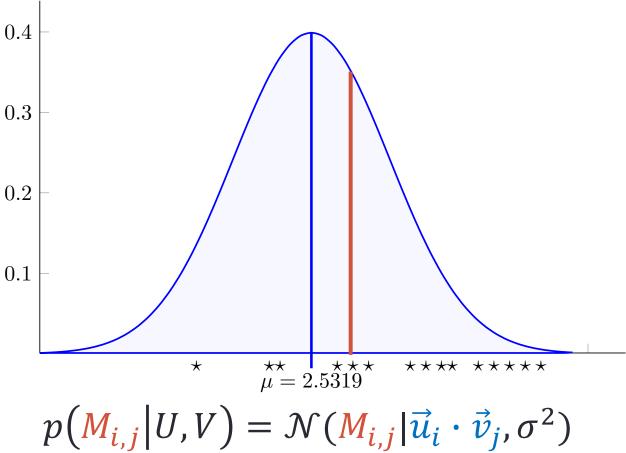


## Bayesian Modeling

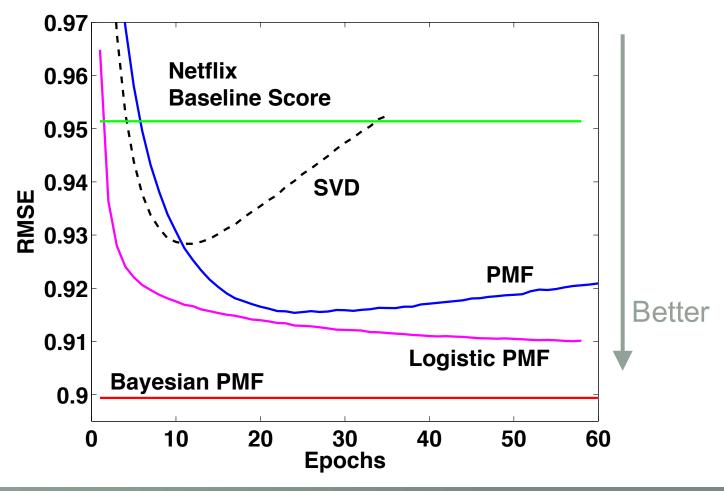


Similarly sample movie factors

## Bayesian Modeling

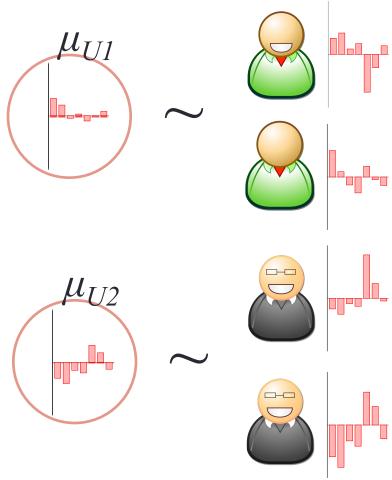


#### Bayesian Modeling





## Bayesian Modeling with Co-Clustering



Cluster users with similar factors



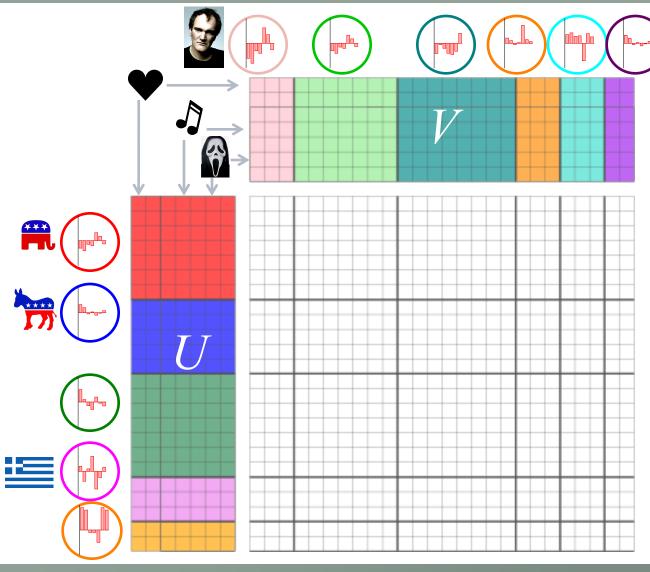






**IMAX**<sup>®</sup>

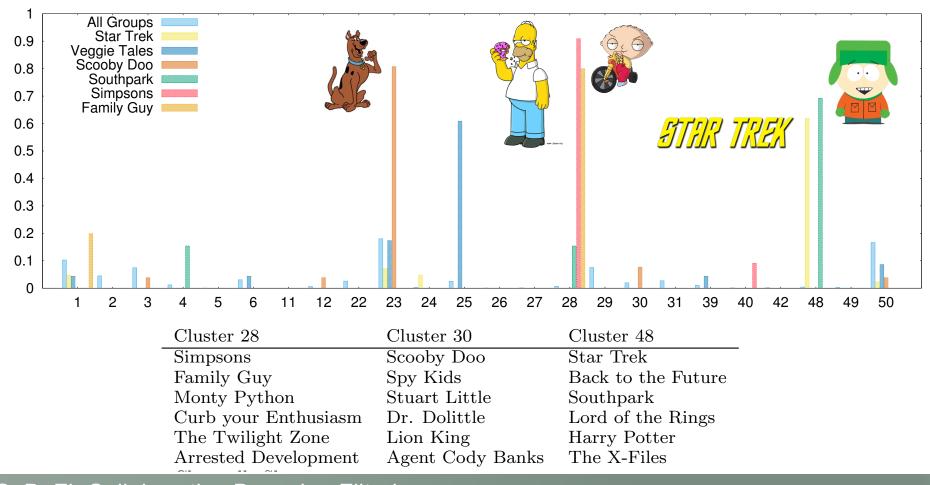
KDD 2015







## Bayesian Modeling with Co-Clustering

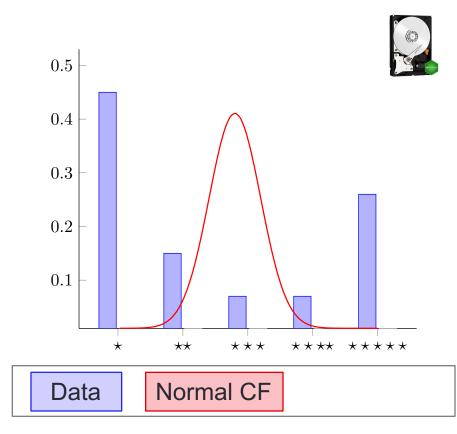


#### Online Rating Models

KDD 2015



Typically fit a Gaussian - Minimize RMSE

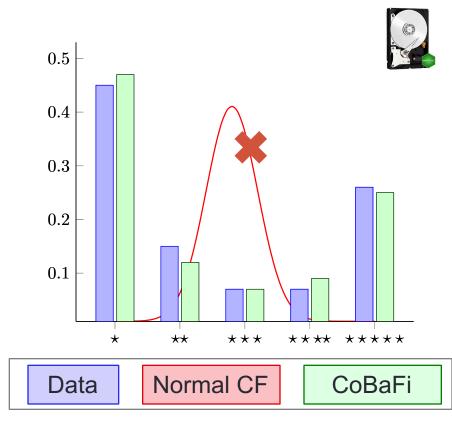




#### Online Rating Models



## Typically fit a Gaussian - Minimize RMSE









#### Shape of Netflix reviews



Most Gaussian	Most skewed
The Rookie	The O.C. Season 2
The Fan	Samurai X: Trust and Betrayal



# Stars

Alice Doesn't Live Here

Cadet Kelly

Money Train

Sea of Love Gilmore Girls: Season 3

**Boiling Point** Felicity: Season 4

Movies

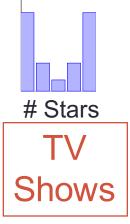


More Skewed

Aqua Teen Hunger Force: Vol. 2

Aqua Teen Hunger Force: Vol. 2

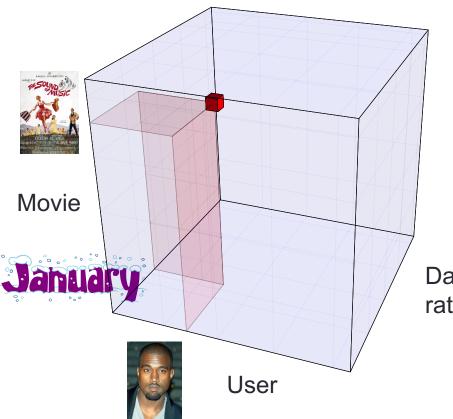
Sealab 2001: Season 1





#### What is a tensor?

- Tensors are used for structured data > 2 dimensions
- Think of as a 3D-matrix



For example:

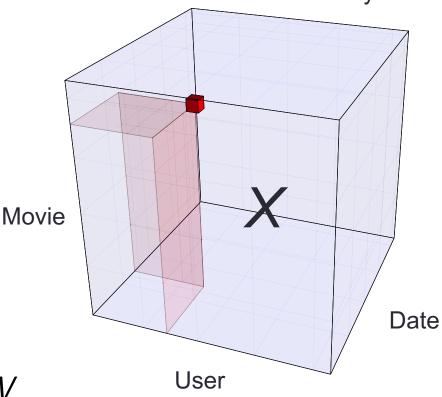
Kanye West rated The Sound of Music five stars last January.

Date of rating



## **Tensor Decomposition**

Date User Kanye West rated The Sound of Music five stars last January.







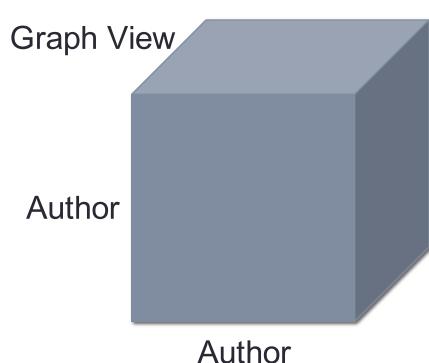
$$X_{i,j,k} pprox \sum_{r=1}^{\mathsf{Rank}} U_{i,r} V_{j,r} W_{k,r}$$





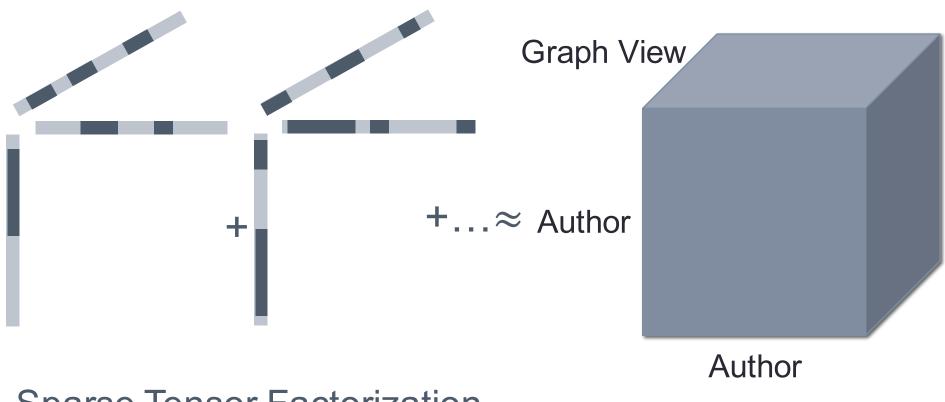
Multiple possible views of the DBLP network:

- Who-cites-whom
- 2. Co-authorship
- Using same words in title



Do more Views of a Graph help? Community Detection and Clustering in Multi-Graphs Evangelos E. Papalexakis, Leman Akoglu, Dino Ienco FUSION 2013



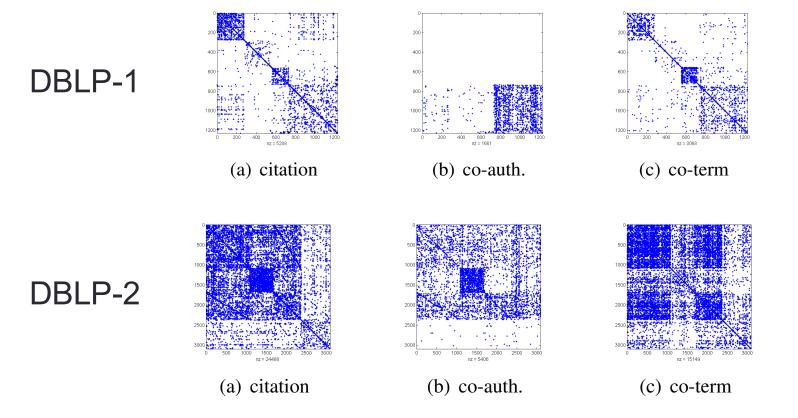


**Sparse Tensor Factorization** 

Do more Views of a Graph help? Community Detection and Clustering in Multi-Graphs Evangelos E. Papalexakis, Leman Akoglu, Dino Ienco *FUSION* 2013







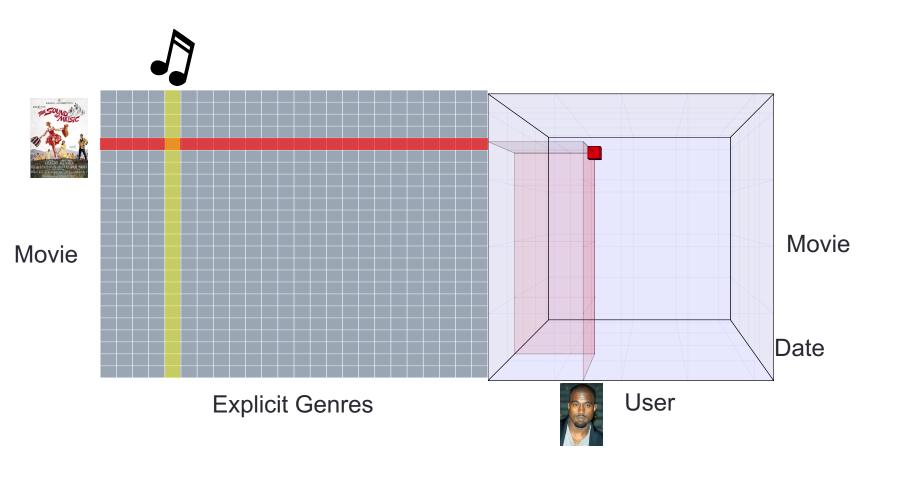
Do more Views of a Graph help? Community Detection and Clustering in Multi-Graphs Evangelos E. Papalexakis, Leman Akoglu, Dino Ienco FUSION 2013

Dataset	Baseline	GraphFuse
DBLP-1	0.12	0.30
DBLP-2	0.08	0.12

Modeling Accuracy

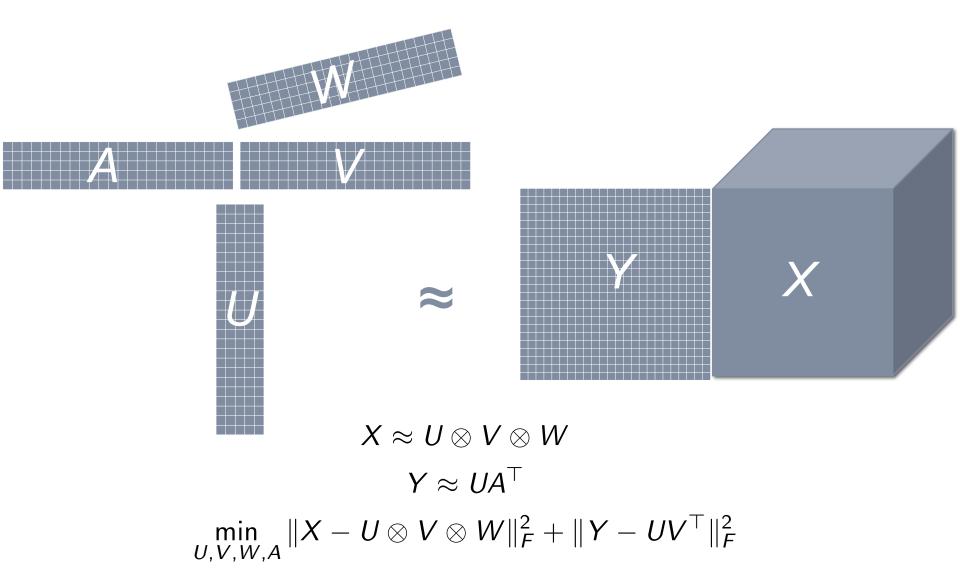


#### Coupled Matrix + Tensor Decomposition

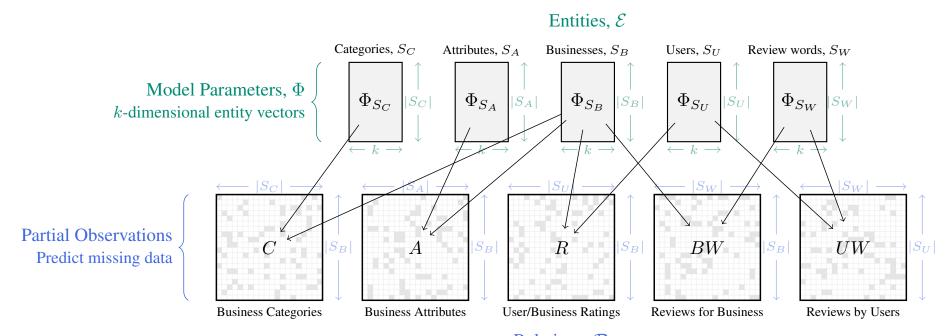




### Coupled Matrix + Tensor Decomposition



#### Joint Factorization



Relations,  $\mathcal{R}$ 



Collective Factorization for Relational Data: An Evaluation on the Yelp Datasets Nitish Gupta, Sameer Singh

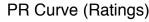


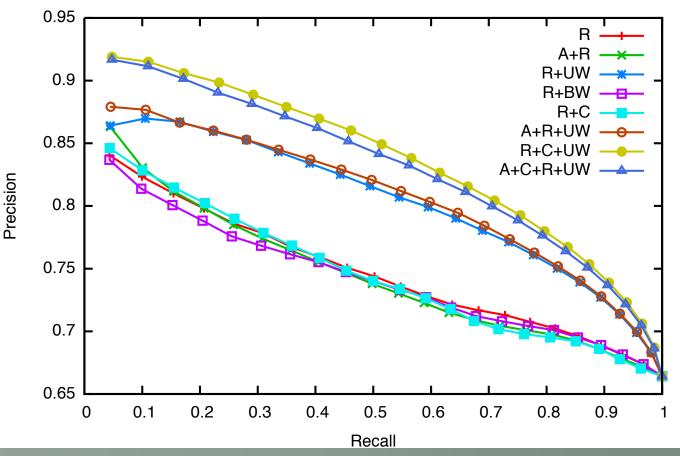






### Joint Factorization





#### Most valuable:

- 1. Ratings
- 2. Review text
- 3. Business Categories



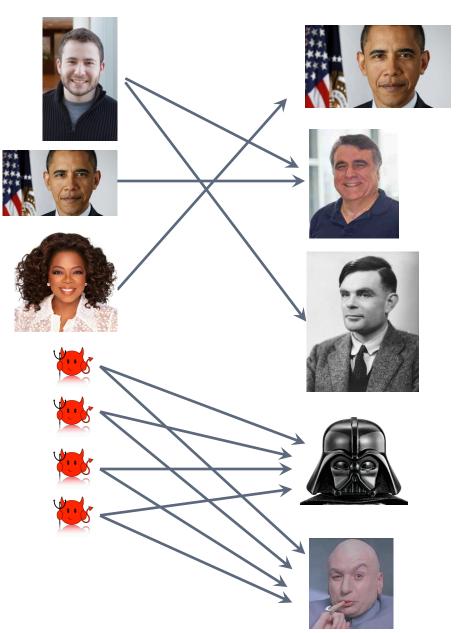
Collective Factorization for Relational Data: An Evaluation on the Yelp Datasets Nitish Gupta, Sameer Singh

- 1. Subgraph Analysis
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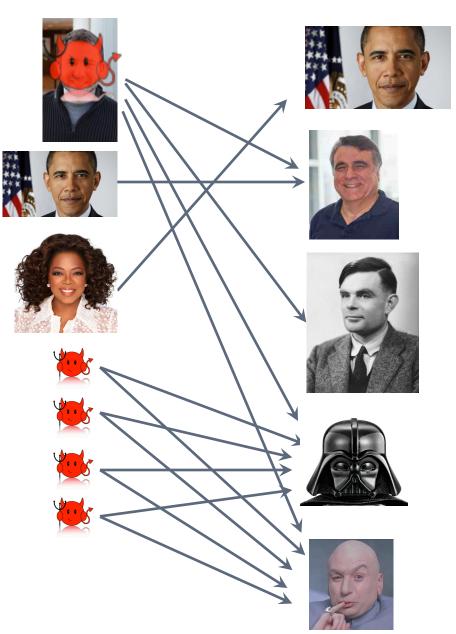
## Fraud Detection





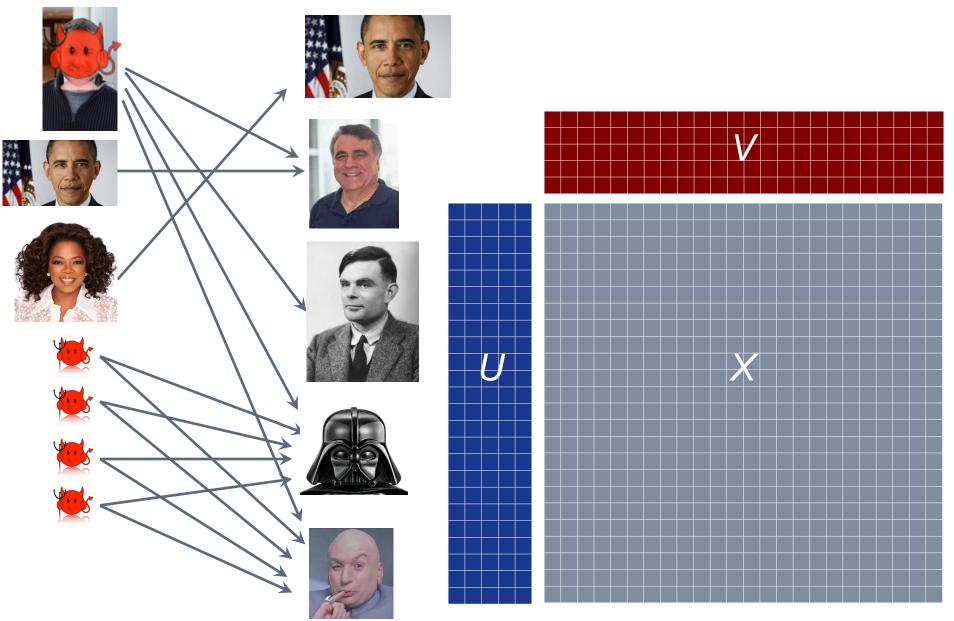


## Fraud Detection



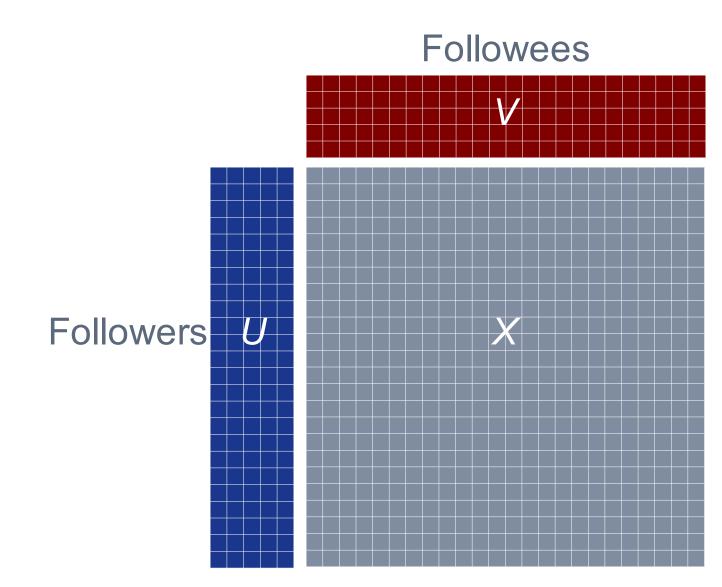






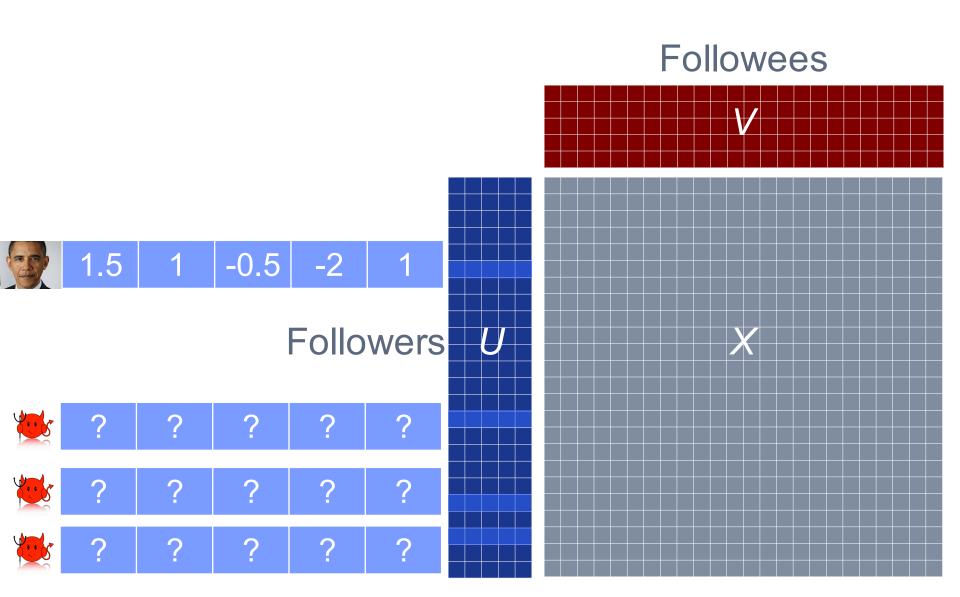




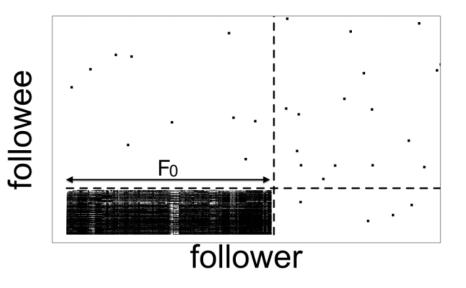






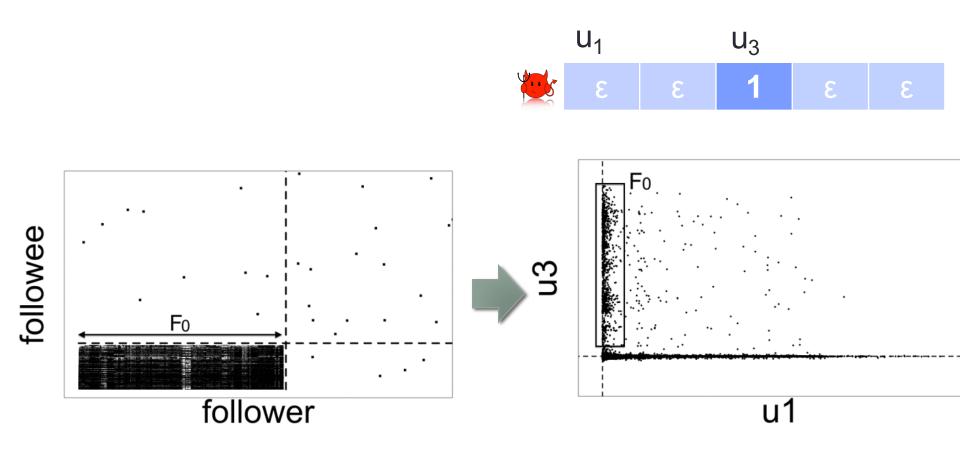


#### Fraud within a factorization



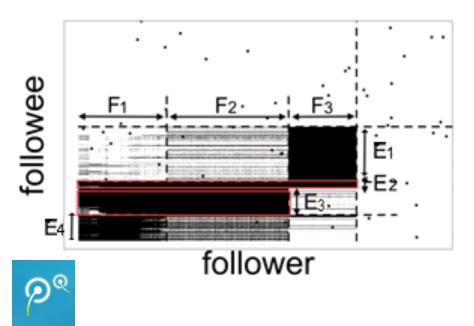
EigenSpokes: Surprising Patterns and Scalable Community Chipping in Large Graphs B. Aditya Prakash, Ashwin Sridharan, Mukund Seshadri, Sridhar Machiraju, Christos Faloutsos *PAKDD*, 2010





EigenSpokes: Surprising Patterns and Scalable Community Chipping in Large Graphs B. Aditya Prakash, Ashwin Sridharan, Mukund Seshadri, Sridhar Machiraju, Christos Faloutsos PAKDD, 2010





Inferring Strange Behavior from Connectivity Pattern in Social Networks

Meng Jiang, Peng Cui, Alex Beutel, Christos Faloutsos, Shiqiang Yang. *PAKDD*, 2014



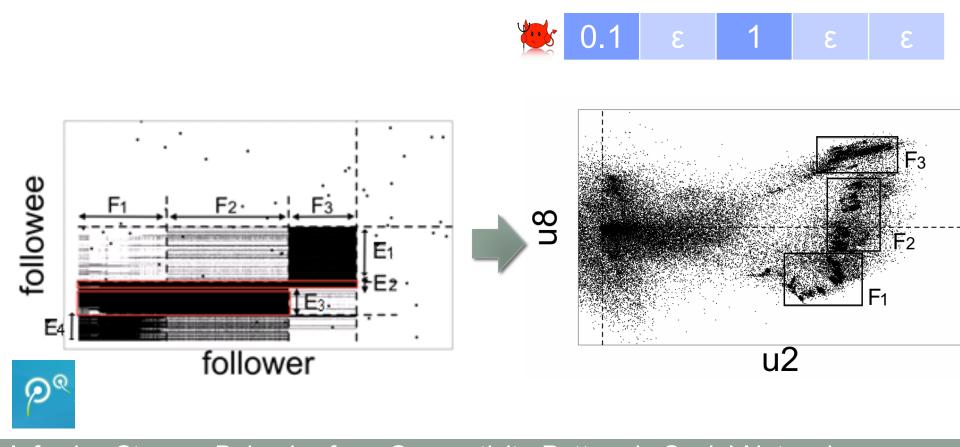




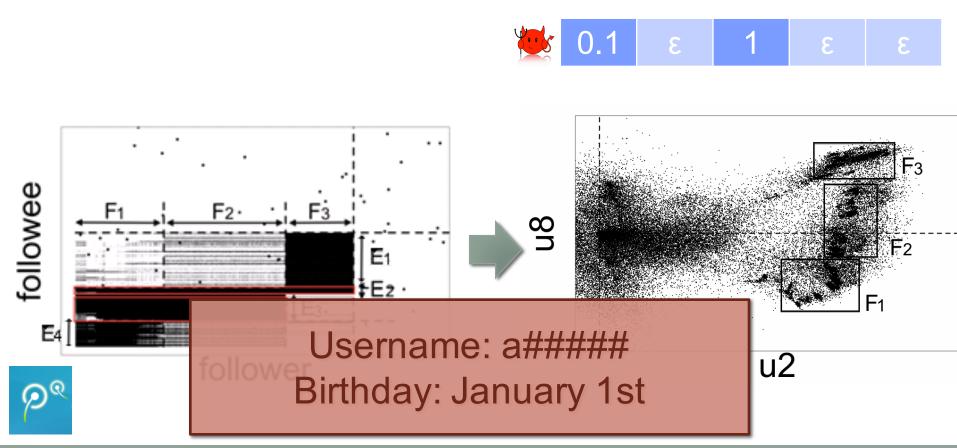








Inferring Strange Behavior from Connectivity Pattern in Social Networks Meng Jiang, Peng Cui, Alex Beutel, Christos Faloutsos, Shiqiang Yang. PAKDD, 2014

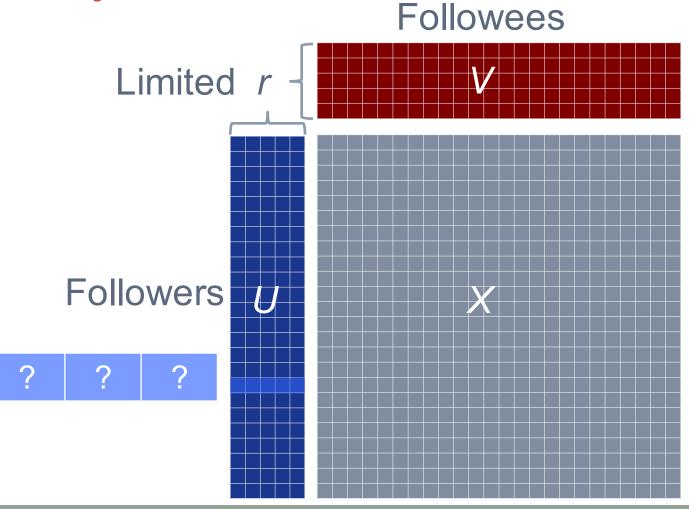


Inferring Strange Behavior from Connectivity Pattern in Social Networks Meng Jiang, Peng Cui, Alex Beutel, Christos Faloutsos, Shiqiang Yang.

PAKDD, 2014



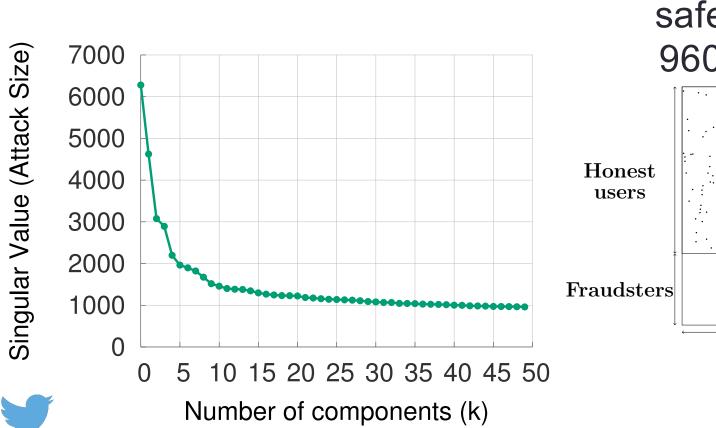
## Complementary Fraud Detection



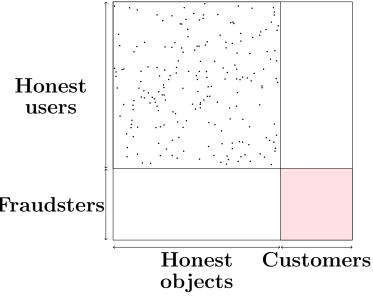
Spotting Suspicious Link Behavior with fBox: An Adversarial Perspective Neil Shah, Alex Beutel, Brian Gallagher, Christos Faloutsos *ICDM*, 2014.



## Complementary Fraud Detection



960 fraudsters safely following 960 customers



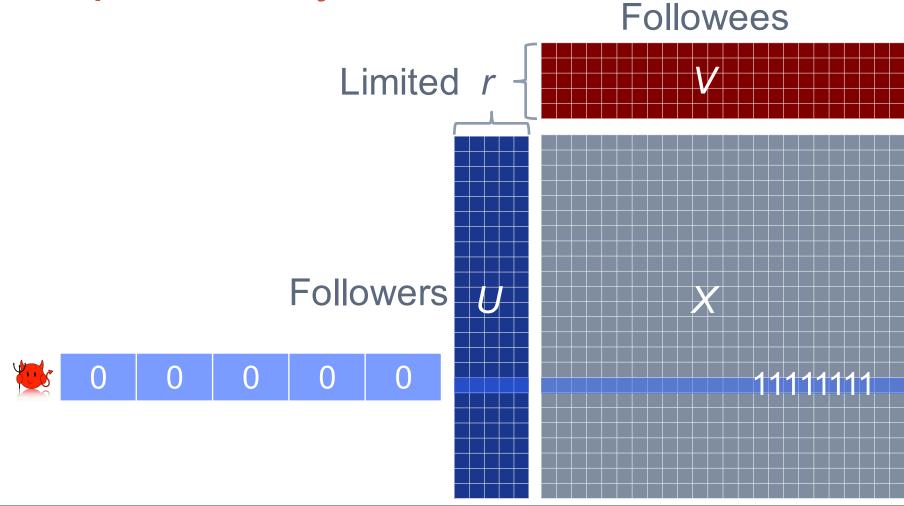


Spotting Suspicious Link Behavior with fBox: An Adversarial Perspective Neil Shah, Alex Beutel, Brian Gallagher,

Christos Faloutsos ICDM, 2014.



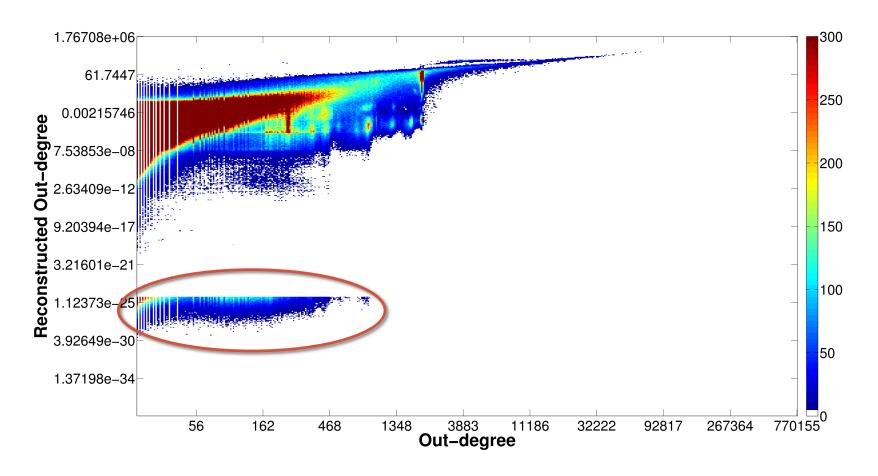
## Complementary Fraud Detection



Spotting Suspicious Link Behavior with fBox: An Adversarial Perspective Neil Shah, Alex Beutel, Brian Gallagher, Christos Faloutsos *ICDM*, 2014.



## Complementary Fraud Detection

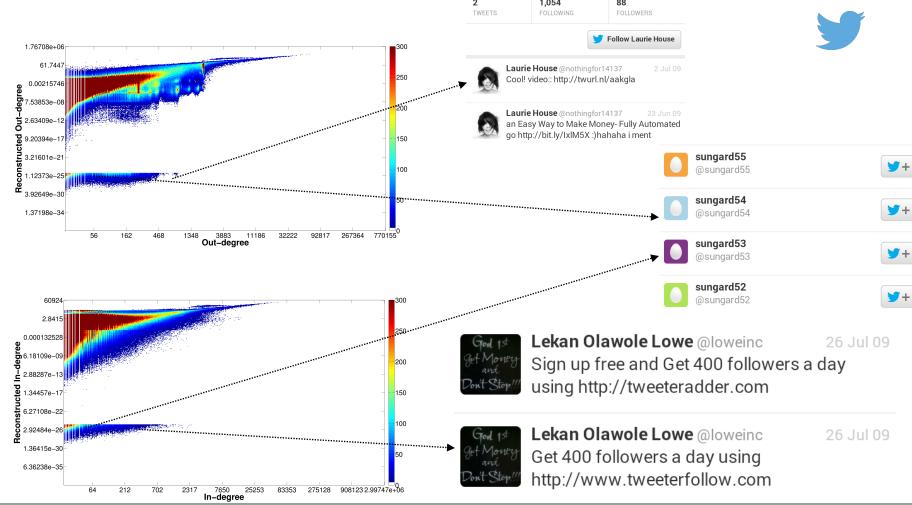


Spotting Suspicious Link Behavior with fBox: An Adversarial Perspective Neil Shah, Alex Beutel, Brian Gallagher, Christos Faloutsos ICDM, 2014.





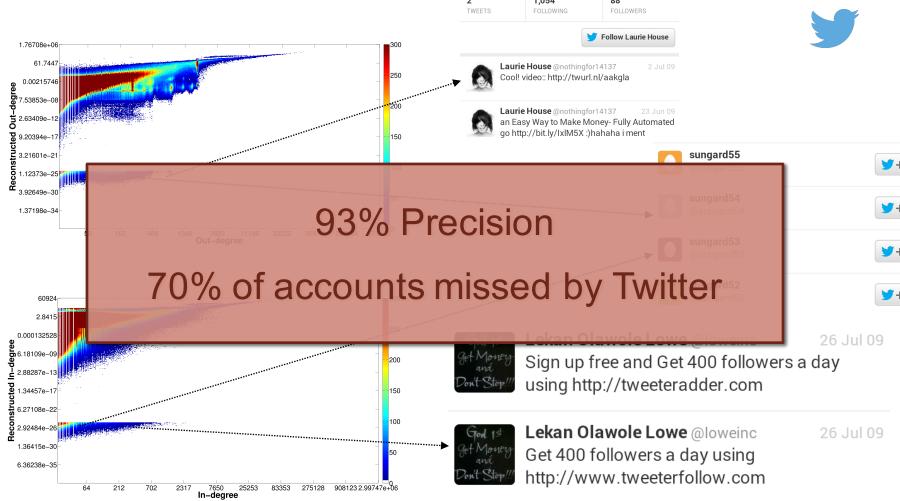
## Complementary Fraud Detection



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*ICDM*, 2014.

## Complementary Fraud Detection



Spotting Suspicious Link Behavior with fBox: An Adversarial Perspective Neil Shah, Alex Beutel, Brian Gallagher, Christos Faloutsos

ICDM, 2014.



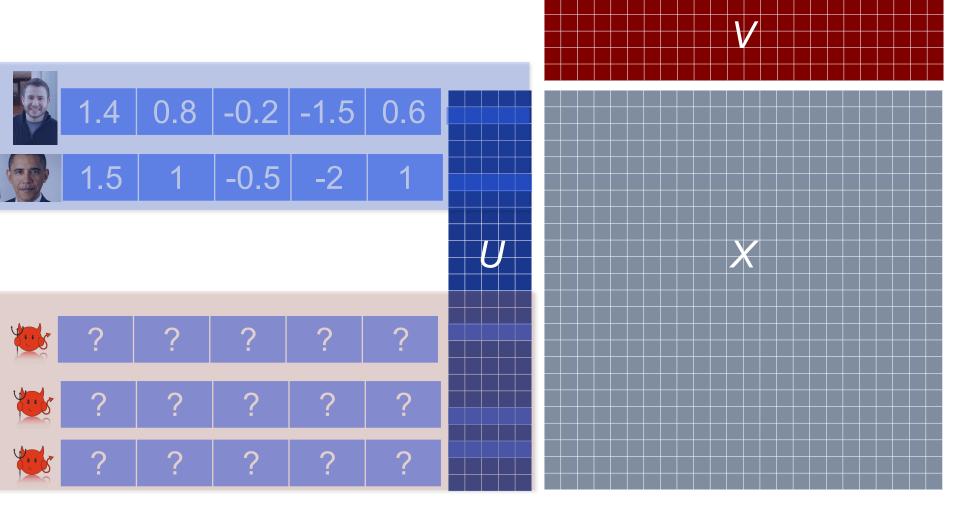


#### Practitioner's Guide

Method	Graph Type	Node Attributes	Edge Attributes	Seed Labels
EigenSpokes	Directed+			
Get-the-Scoop	Directed+			
fBox	Directed+			
CoBaFi	Bipartite+		<b>√</b>	
CDOutliers	Undirected	<b>√</b>		

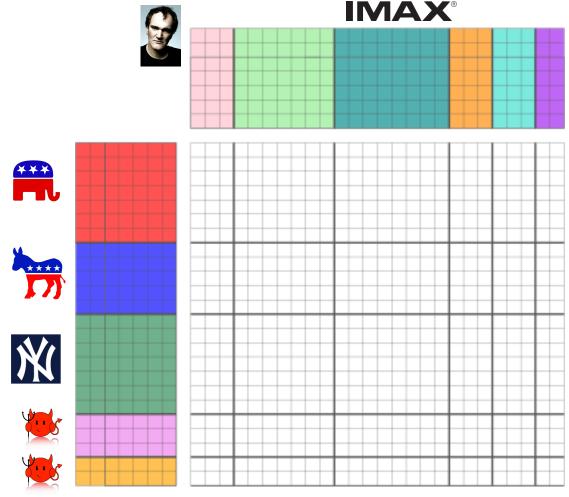


## Detecting Fraud within Recommendation





# Detecting Fraud within Recommendation

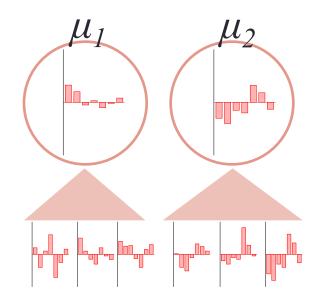


CoBaFi: Collaborative Bayesian Filtering Alex Beutel, Kenton Murray, Christos Faloutsos Alex Smola *WWW* 2014

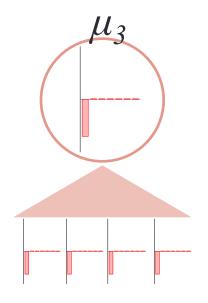


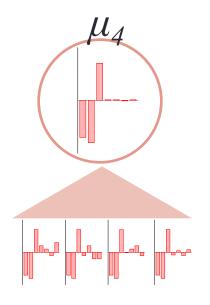


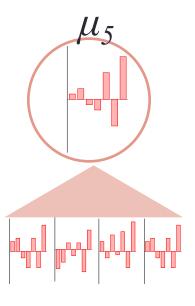
## Clustering Fraudsters



**KDD 2015** 







Naïve **Spammers** 



Spam + Noise



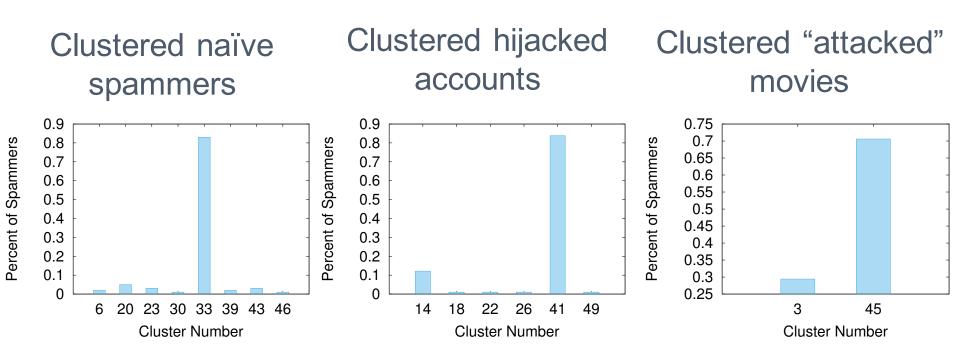


CoBaFi: Collaborative Bayesian Filtering Alex Beutel, Kenton Murray, Christos Faloutsos Alex Smola WWW 2014





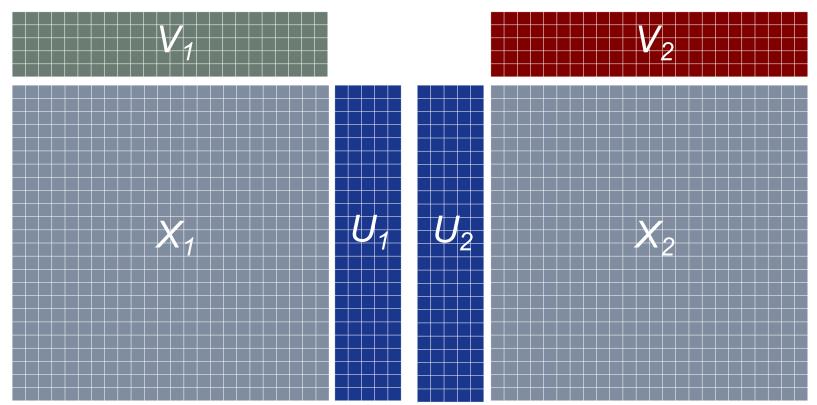
### Clustered Fraudsters



83% are clustered together

CoBaFi: Collaborative Bayesian Filtering Alex Beutel, Kenton Murray, Christos Faloutsos Alex Smola WWW 2014

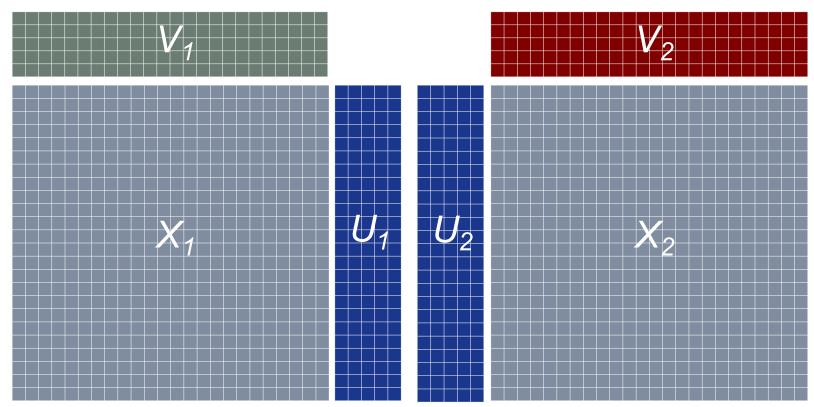




Enforce  $U_1 \approx U_2$  and  $U_1, U_2, V_1, V_2 \geq 0$ 

Community Distribution Outlier Detection in Heterogeneous Information Networks Manish Gupta, Jing Gao, and Jiawei Han *ECML/PKDD* 2013

Interesting design of  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ ; see paper for details

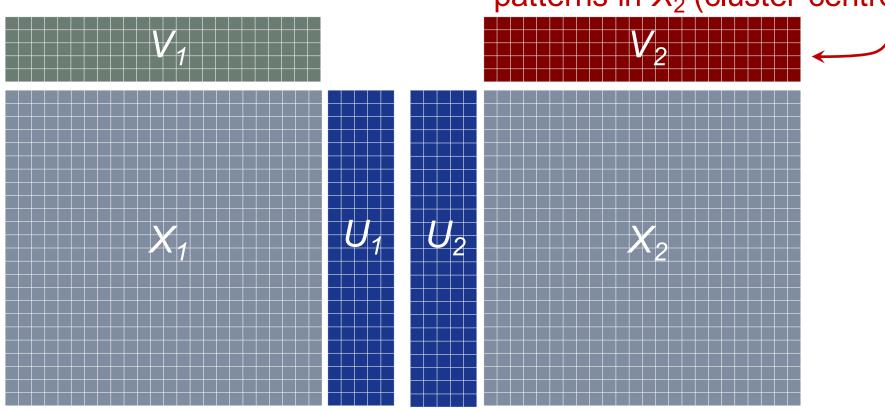


Enforce  $U_1 \approx U_2$  and  $U_1, U_2, V_1, V_2 \geq 0$ 

Community Distribution Outlier Detection in Heterogeneous Information Networks Manish Gupta, Jing Gao, and Jiawei Han ECML/PKDD 2013



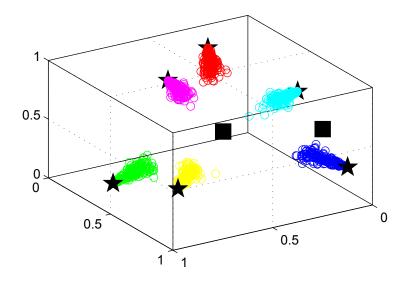
Rows of  $V_2$  represent common patterns in  $X_2$  (cluster centroids)

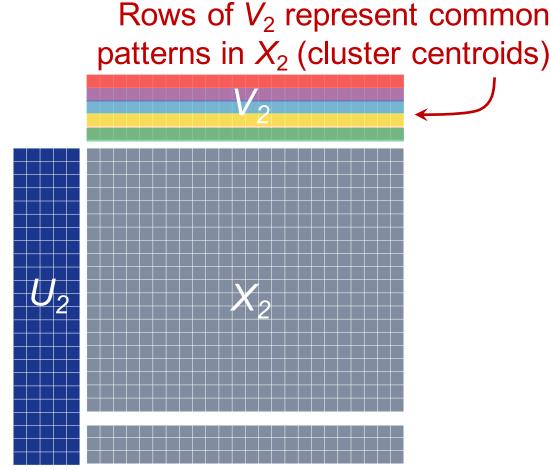


Enforce  $U_1 \approx U_2$  and  $U_1, U_2, V_1, V_2 \geq 0$ 

Community Distribution Outlier Detection in Heterogeneous Information Networks Manish Gupta, Jing Gao, and Jiawei Han *ECML/PKDD* 2013

An anomaly is a row of  $X_i$  that is *not* similar to any row in  $V_i$ 





Community Distribution Outlier Detection in Heterogeneous Information Networks Manish Gupta, Jing Gao, and Jiawei Han *ECML/PKDD* 2013

#### Practitioner's Guide

Method	Graph Type	Node Attributes	Edge Attributes	Seed Labels
EigenSpokes	Directed+			
Get-the-Scoop	Directed+			
fBox	Directed+			
CoBaFi	Bipartite+		<b>√</b>	
CDOutliers	Undirected	V		



## Recap

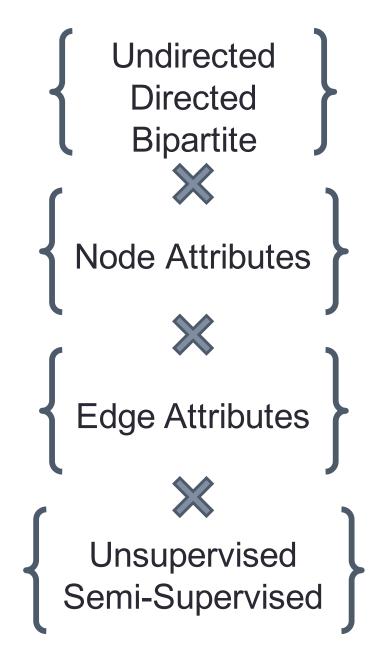
- SVD captures communities of interest
- Bayesian methods can:
  - Handle missing values
  - Give factorization models (-> patterns, & anomalies)
- Group-outliers: spotted by CoBaFi,
   Get-the-Scoop, etc.





## CONCLUSION







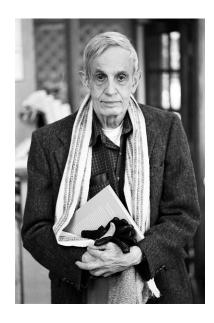
### Open Problems / Opportunities

P1. Complex data: How should we integrate data from multiple data sources?



### Open Problems / Opportunities

P2. Adversarial analysis: Can we offer provable guarantees on detecting fraud and spam?



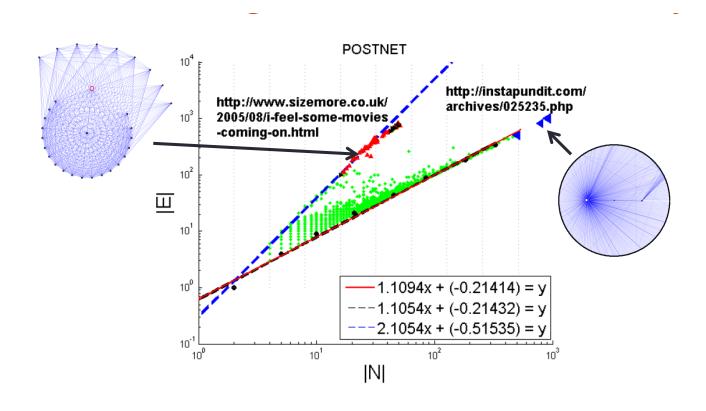


P3. Early detection: Can we detect fraudsters before they cause significant damage?



# Summary

# Local Subgraph Analysis: Patterns and Features e.g. using ego-nets







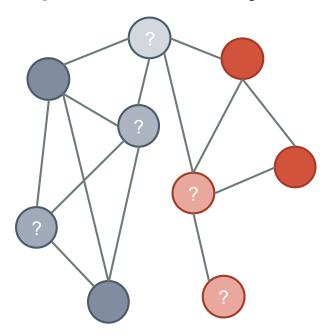
# Summary

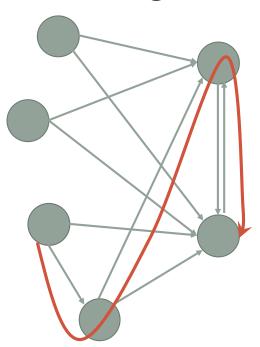
KDD 2015

#### **Propagation Methods**

"Guilt-by-association"

"Importance-by-association" = PageRank







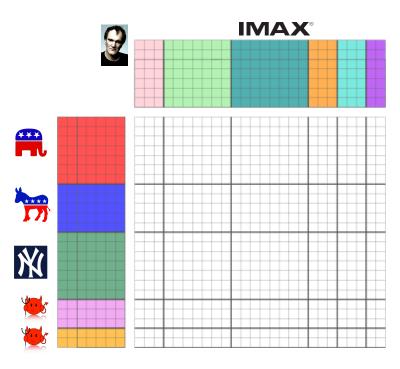


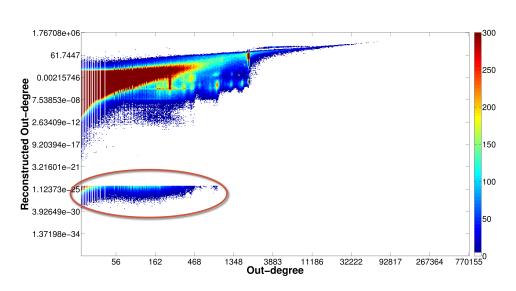
# Summary

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#### Latent Factor Models

Find multiple communities, patterns and anomalies.

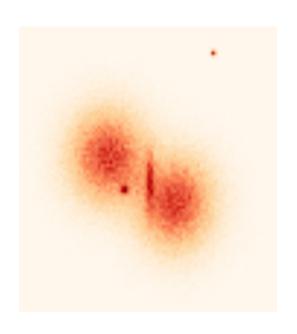


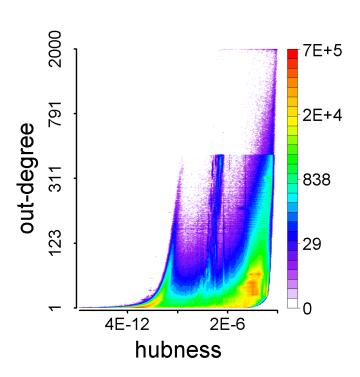




# Take Away

#### User Modeling and Fraud Detection are two sides of the same coin.







#### ODDx3 workshop TODAY 9:30-5:45

#### Afternoon Schedule:

- Keynote by Vipin Kumar
- Panel 'What is an Anomaly?' by Tiberio Caetano, Vipin Kumar, Tina Eliassi-Rad, Ted Senator, Jimeng Sun
- Research talks

http://outlier-analytics.org/odd15kdd/





# Thanks again to



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NSF Grant No. IIS-1408924, IIS-1408287, CAREER 1452425, DGE-1252522, ...





### Questions?

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#### References and resources available at cs.cmu.edu/~abeutel/kdd2015 userbehavior

